VII. CDLC Child Care Center Risk Reduction Plan

Child care centers must develop a risk reduction plan that identifies the general risks to children served by the child care center. The license holder must establish specific policies and procedures or refer to existing policies and procedures that minimize identified risks, train staff on the procedures, and annually review the procedures. [Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.66, subdivision 2]

1. Physical Plant. Identify specific risks to children based on an assessment of the physical plant where licensed services are provided. The assessment must include an evaluation of the required factors listed below in column 1. Write each identified risk in column 2; insert additional lines as needed. In column 3, write specific policies and procedures you have developed and implemented to minimize each risk, <u>or</u> in column 4, reference existing policies and procedures that minimize each risk.

Physical plant factors required to be assessed	Identified risks	Policies and procedures developed and implemented to minimize the risks	Existing policies and procedures that minimize the risks
Condition and design of the facility	Large open space with multiple rooms off the larger space	position staff strategically throughout the large open space to maintain visual coverage of all areas, with designated staff assigned to monitor room entrances and high-traffic zones where children transition between spaces. We have arranged furniture and activity centers to create natural supervision zones while eliminating blind spots, using low barriers that allow staff visibility while defining different activity areas within the larger space. We maintain clear sight lines between all adjoining rooms and the main area using open doorways or glass panels, with staff communication protocols ensuring constant awareness of child locations across all connected spaces. We implement zone-based supervision with specific staff assigned to monitor particular areas and conduct regular sweeps of all rooms, using frequent head counts and established check-in procedures	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – pages 2-3



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	when children move between the	
	open space and adjoining rooms.	
Children could get separated	Teaching staff maintain	Risk Reduction Training
from teacher, or could try to	continuous accountability of all	S
leave the building	students through systematic	
reave the banang	head count protocols	
	nead count protocols	
	A designated line leader is	
	A designated line leader is	
	assigned from among the	
	students to guide classroom	
	transitions to auxiliary areas	
	Teachers conduct mandatory	
	head counts at both departure	
	from and arrival to each location	
	to ensure all students are	
	accounted for throughout all	
	movements and activities	
Strangers could enter through	School door will be locked during	Risk Reduction Training
one of the seven entrances	school hours	8
one of the seven chirances	Seriodi fiodis	
	To enter you need to ring the	
	buzzer	
	buzzei	
	All visite as sign in and sut in the	
	All visitors sign in and out in the	
	office and wear a visitor badge	
	Designate main entrance as the	
	primary entrance for all routine	
	access (parents, visitors,	
	deliveries)	
	Primary entrance shall be the	
	most visible and easily monitored	
	location	
	All other entrances designated as	
	secondary/emergency entrances	
	with restricted access	
	with restricted decess	
	Primary entrance aguinned with	
	Primary entrance equipped with	
	the highest level of security	
	monitoring and control systems	
	Staff reception/check-in area	
	positioned to monitor primary	
	entrance at all times	

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		All classrooms are secured with	
		magnetic strip locks for enhanced	
		safety. In the event of an intruder	
		situation, teachers can quickly	
		and safely lock students inside	
		their classrooms for protection.	
		All visitors must enter through	
		primary entrance only	
		Mandatory sign-in process with	
		photo identification verification	
		Visitor badges issued and worn at	
		all times while on premises	
		Escort requirement for all non-	
		parent visitors beyond reception	
		area	
		Background check verification for	
		regular volunteers or service	
		providers	
		Video cameras placed at the two	
		main access doors of the	
		preschool	
	Heavy doors that children	Staff positioned to assist children	Risk Reduction Training
	cannot operate safely	with heavy doors during arrival	
		and departure times	
		Designated staff members	
		assigned to monitor and assist	
		_	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help with doors they cannot open	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help with doors they cannot open safely	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help with doors they cannot open safely Train children to keep fingers	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help with doors they cannot open safely Train children to keep fingers away from door hinges and	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help with doors they cannot open safely Train children to keep fingers	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help with doors they cannot open safely Train children to keep fingers away from door hinges and closing edges	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help with doors they cannot open safely Train children to keep fingers away from door hinges and closing edges Teach children to look before	
		assigned to monitor and assist with specific heavy doors Teach children proper door opening techniques using body positioning and leverage Instruct children to ask for help with doors they cannot open safely Train children to keep fingers away from door hinges and closing edges	



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		Practice door safety rules	
		regularly during safety education	
		sessions	
		Rubber door guards added to all	
		doors to prevent finger pinching	
	Doors that swing into	Require staff to knock, announce	Risk Reduction Training
	classrooms creating collision	themselves, and pause before	
	risks	entering any classroom.	
		,	
		Maintain a clear 3-foot zone from	
		any inward-swinging door with	
		no furniture, toys, or activity	
		areas in this space.	
		areas in this space.	
		Touch kids to not sit play or line	
		Teach kids to not sit, play or line	
	English and the latest and	up where the door swings open	Did Bod office Toricine
	Emergency exit routes blocked	Conduct monthly inspections to	Risk Reduction Training
	or unclear	ensure all exit routes remain	
		completely clear of furniture,	
		toys, storage items, or any	
		obstructions, and designate	
		specific staff to maintain these	
		pathways daily.	
Condition and	Playground has one gate	Implement a strict gate protocol	CDLC Emergency and Accident
design of the	leading from the school.	requiring staff to immediately	Procedures-page 11
outdoor space		close and secure the gate after	
	Children could leave the	entry/exit, with designated staff	
	playground if gate is open	assigned to monitor the gate area	
	pia/gi cana ii gate ie epen	during outdoor play times.	
		Conduct head counts before,	
		during, and after playground	
		activities, and establish clear	
		sight lines so supervising staff can	
		always see the gate from	
		anywhere on the playground.	
	Toys on play equipment	Children are not allowed	
	Broken toys in sandbox or	Broken toys disposed of and	CDLC Emergency and Accident
	1		I
	outdoor play equipment	replaced	Procedures – page 11
	Ĭ		
		Discourse de la Contraction de	I
		Playground equipment checked	
		to be in good condition	
	Spin toy on Playground		



	<u> </u>		
		At the most 4 kids are allowed inside at a time	
		Teach kids that are in the circumference of turny thing to stay clear of it while it is in use	
		No other toys or play equipment is allowed in turny thing	
	Damaged metal edging with sharp edges on playground	Qualified maintenance personnel conduct thorough wall assessment	
		Identify structural issues requiring repair	
		Bent and shaped metal to prevent sharp edges	
Bathrooms	Children could become contaminated by unclean sinks or toilets	All sinks and bathrooms are cleaned and sanitized nightly.	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – page 6&7
		Surfaces will be allowed sufficient time to dry between cleaning and use.	
	Children could slip on wet floor	Water on floor is mopped up immediately.	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – page 6&7
		No slip stepping stools are provided for children to reach sinks.	
		An anti slip mat is placed in front of the handwashing sinks and drinking fountains	
	Children could burn their hands in hot water.	Water temperature is checked regularly	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – page 6&7

Physical plant	Identified risks	Procedures developed and	Existing policies and
factors required		implemented to minimize the	procedures that minimize the
to be assessed		risks	risks
Storage areas		This door was cut in half where	Risk Reduction Training
	Room 105- Teacher Work room	the top portion remains open	
		during school hours so teachers	
		have access but the lower	
		portion is locked and can only	



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		be opened with a key or from the inside of the room	
	Room 107- Janitors closet	This door is locked at all times	
	Children could encounter harmful items in the storage room.	Storage room will be kept locked at all times.	
	Kitchen area has items that are harmful and sharp.	No children are allowed in the kitchen. All sharp knives are kept in a closed container out of children's reach in the director's office.	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – page 8
Accessibility of medications and cleaning products	Children could harm themselves with cleaning products	All cleaning products are kept in janitors closet that is locked at all times.	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – page 8 &9
		Disinfect wipes will always be stored out of the reach of children.	
	Children could harm themselves with medications.	All medications are kept in a lockable cupboard in school office out of the reach of children.	
	Epi Pens	Epi Pens will be in a classroom bag that is hung high on the classroom door. The Epi Pens will follow along with a child when they leave the classroom. This would include the motor room, library, playground, church and on walking field trips.	
	Bathrooms	Staff member stays by the entrance when children are using the bathroom. Children are checked on frequently.	Risk Reduction Plan
	Blind spots where staff cannot supervise children effectively. Room layouts that obstruct visual monitoring. Hidden areas behind furniture or equipment.	Rearrange all classroom furniture and equipment to create clear sight lines, ensuring staff can see every area of the room from multiple vantage points and eliminating hidden spaces behind large furniture or equipment.	Supervision Policy

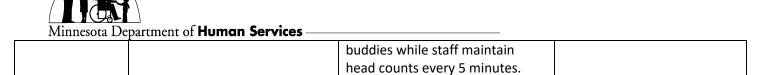
1. Environment. Identify specific risks to children based on an assessment of the environment for each facility. The assessment must include an evaluation of the required factors listed below in column 1. Write each identified risk in column 2; insert additional lines as needed. In column 3, write specific policies and procedures you have developed and implemented to minimize each risk, or in column 4, reference existing policies and procedures that minimize each risk.

Environmental	Identified risks	Policies and procedures	Existing policies and
factors required		developed and implemented to	procedures that minimize the
to be assessed		minimize the risks	risks
Type of grounds	CDLC is based at Prince of Peace	Installed secure perimeter	CDLC Emergency and
and terrain	Church on the Ridges campus.	fencing around our playground.	Accident Procedures – pages
surrounding the	Very busy area with YMCA,		6-7
building	hospital and medical buildings	Implemented strict arrival and	
	close by.	departure protocols requiring	
		parent/guardian identification	
		and sign-in procedures, with	
		designated staff monitoring all	
		entry points during high-traffic	
		times.	
		Fotoblishod alogy modestries	
		Established clear pedestrian pathways with visual barriers or	
		signage separating childcare	
		areas from the busy surrounding	
		facilities, and ensure all outdoor	
		activities are conducted in fully	
		enclosed, supervised spaces.	
	Children could leave the	Children never leave building	CDLC Emergency and
	campus, have an accident on a	unless accompanied by a staff	Accident Procedures – page 4
	busy road, get lost or be	member or parent. Playground is	
	abducted.	enclosed by fence.	
Proximity to	Children could have a traffic	Maintain strict supervision	CDLC Emergency and
hazards, busy	accident, get lost or be	protocols with designated staff	Accident Procedures – page 6
roads, and	abducted.	providing direct visual contact at	
publicly		all times, using minimum staff-to-	
accessed		child ratios that ensure	
businesses		continuous monitoring during all	
		activities.	



Department of Human Services	We have installed secure	
	perimeter barriers including	
	fencing and natural boundaries	
	that physically separate all	
	outdoor play areas from roads,	
	parking lots, and public access	
	points.	
	We operate comprehensive	
	check-in/check-out procedures	
	requiring photo identification and	
	authorized pickup verification,	
	with established lockdown and	
	law enforcement notification	
	protocols when any child goes	
	missing.	
	We conduct regular safety drills	
	teaching children to stay with	
	designated adults, recognize safe	
	boundaries, and respond to	
	emergency signals, while	
	maintaining current emergency	
	contact information and	
	coordination with local	
	authorities.	
We occasionally take walks	We maintain constant direct	
around our campus where there	supervision during all campus	
is a pond.	walks with designated staff	
	positioned between children and	
	the pond at all times, using a minimum 1:4 staff-to-child ratio	
	for any outdoor excursions.	
	Tot any outdoor execusions.	
	We have established clear	
	physical boundaries marked with	
	cones or rope barriers that keep	
	children at least 10 feet away	
	from the pond's edge, with staff	
	trained to immediately redirect	
	any child who approaches the	
	water.	
	We conduct pre-walk safety	
	briefings teaching children about	
	water safety rules and pond	
	1, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	boundaries, requiring children to	

walk in pairs with assigned



1. **Additional risk of harm factors to children.** In addition to any program-specific risks identified under the physical plant and environment assessments, the risk reduction plan must address the risks identified below in column 1. In column 2, write specific policies and procedures you have developed and implemented to minimize each risk, <u>or</u> in column 3, reference existing policies and procedures that minimize each risk.

Identified risks	Policies and procedures developed and implemented to minimize the risk	Existing policies and procedures that minimize the risk
Closing children's fingers in doors, including cabinet doors	Children are not allowed to open cabinet doors or open doors themselves. Cabinets with harmful items have safety locks. Doors are fitted with fingershields	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – page 6
Leaving children in the community without supervision	Two teachers always accompany children when out of the building.	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – pages 2-3
Children leaving the facility without supervision	Exit doors are closed at all times. Doors are locked and unlocked at dismissal by a staff member.	
Caregiver dislocation of children's elbows	Staff receives training on prevention of dislocations of elbows. Staff picks children up under their arms. Staff never swings a child by his arms.	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – page 2
Burns from hot food or beverages, whether served to children or being consumed by caregivers, and the devices used to warm food and beverages	Children stand with arms by sides when we cook with hot appliance. All appliances are directly supervised by teachers. No hot beverages are allowed in classrooms when children are present.	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – page 4
Injuries from equipment, such as scissors and glue guns	Glue guns, paper cutters are only used in the work room by teachers. Teachers will not carry scissors in carts. Only blunt tipped scissors will be used by children.	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures- page 4
Sunburn	Parents are asked to apply sun screen before sending their child to school. School will have parent sign	CDLC Emergency and Accident Procedures – page 12



-	off on the right to apply sun screen	
	to a child as necessary.	
Feeding children foods to which they	Each child has an Individual Child	CDLC Allergy Prevention and Response
are allergic	Care Plan. List of children with	Policies – pages 1-2
	allergies is posted in food prep area.	
	Snacks are checked by staff. CDLC	
	does not allow any nuts.	
	A safe "store bought" snack list is	
	available to parents	
Children falling from changing tables	We do not have changing tables	N/A
Children accessing dangerous items or	All cleaning products are kept in the	CDLC Program Plan – page 15
chemicals or coming into contact with	janitors closet out of reach of	
residue from harmful cleaning products	children. The room will be locked at	
	all times. Bleach spray will be stored	
	out of the reach of children. When a	
	surface is sprayed with it will be	
	allowed to dry four minutes before	
	students are allowed to use the	
	surface.	

- 2. **Accessibility of hazardous items.** The accessibility of hazardous items to children is prohibited at all times when children are present.
- 3. Policies and procedures to ensure adequate supervision of children. The risk reduction plan must include specific policies and procedures to ensure adequate supervision of children at all times as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.02, subdivision 18. The policies and procedures must include particular emphasis on the areas identified below in column 1. In column 2, write specific policies and procedures developed and implemented to ensure children will be adequately supervised at all times.

Required areas to be addressed	Policies and procedures developed
regarding supervision of children	and implemented to ensure adequate
	supervision of children
Times when children are transitioned from one area	We maintain designated transition protocols requiring staff
within the facility to another	to conduct head counts before leaving any area and upon
	arrival at the destination, with children moving in organized
	groups using the buddy system or holding hands in lines.
	We have established clear transition routes that avoid high-
	risk areas such as kitchens, maintenance rooms, or stairs,
	with staff positioned at the front and back of each group to
	ensure continuous supervision. We use visual and auditory
	signals such as songs, hand signals, or transition objects to
	keep children focused and together during movement
	between areas, while maintaining appropriate staff-to-child
	ratios throughout all transitions. We conduct transition

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	safety training with all staff and practice emergency procedures for situations where children become separated
	during movement, including immediate stop-and-count
	protocols if any child goes missing during transitions.
Nap-time supervision, including infant crib rooms, as specified under Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.02, subdivision 18, which requires that when an infant is placed in a crib to sleep, supervision occurs when a staff person is within sight or hearing of the infant. When supervision of a crib room is provided by sight or hearing, the center must have a plan to address the other supervision component	The Child Development and Learning Center does not service infants N/A
Child drop-off and pick-up times	Teachers help children out of cars and escort them into school and other teachers stand by front door during drop off times. Teachers hand children over to parents or place them in their cars at pick up time. Parents can choice walk the children in and pick children up. Parents have to connect with a staff member before leaving the child or taking the child.
Supervision during outdoor play and on community activities, including but not limited to field trips and neighborhood walks	Two teachers are always present during outdoor time. Playground gate is kept closed. When out for walks children have a partner, one teacher is at front of the line and one at the rear.
Supervision of children in hallways	Children are taught to walk in hallways and are always accompanied by a teacher or assistant teacher.
Nap-time supervision for older age groups (toddler, preschool, school age as applicable): When children are asleep, supervision occurs when at least one staff person is within sight and hearing of the children. All other staff required to meet ration and distribution requirements	
must be in the center and able to return to the area where children are sleeping when needed. When children begin to awaken, staff must return to the area as necessary to maintain ratio and distribution requirements based on the number of children who are awake.	

Date risk reduction plan was initially completed: _January 2012_____

4. Orientation to the risk reduction plan. The license holder shall ensure that all mandated reporters, as defined in section 626.556, subdivision 3, who are under the control of the license holder, receive an orientation to the risk reduction plan prior to first providing unsupervised direct contact services, as defined in section 245C.02, subdivision 11, to children, not to exceed 14 days from the first supervised



direct contact, and annually thereafter. Documentation of orientation to the risk reduction plan must be documented in each mandated reporter's personnel record. [MN Statutes, section 245A.66, subdivision 3]

- **5. Annual review of the risk reduction plan.** The license holder must review the risk reduction plan annually. When conducting the review, the license holder must consider incidents that have occurred in the center since the last review, including the following:
 - (1) the assessment factors in the plan;
 - (2) the internal reviews conducted under Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.66, subdivision 1, if any;
 - (3) substantiated maltreatment findings, if any; and
 - (4) incidents that caused injury or harm to a child, if any, that occurred since the last review.

Following any change to the risk reduction plan, the license holder must inform mandated reporters, under the control of the license holder, of the changes in the risk reduction plan. The annual review of the risk reduction plan or changes in the plan must be documented in the center's administrative records.

Annual review of the risk reduction plan

Program Name: _Child Development and Learning Center License #: _8003763

The license holder must review the risk reduction plan annually. When conducting the review, the license holder must consider incidents that have occurred in the center since the last review, including:

(1) A review of the assessment factors in the plan:

We reviewed the risk reduction plan.

- (2) A review of the internal reviews conducted under Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.66, subdivision 1, if any: N/A
- (3) A review of substantiated maltreatment findings, if any:

N/A

(4) A review of incidents that caused injury or harm to a child since the last review, if any:

A child was coming out of the bathroom and slipped and hit their head on handwashing sink

Based on the annual review, what changes were made to the risk reduction plan?

Placed anti slipping mat in front of handwashing sinks and drinking fountain

Name and title of person completing annual review: Kim Swanson Director

Minnesota Department of Human Services Date of annual review: August 26, 2025	
Employee Signature:	Date: